- (15) Upon conviction or plea of guilty or upon failure to prosecute his appeal from a lower court as provided by law, a defendant in a criminal case shall be liable for a fee of thirty-two dollars.
- (16) With the exception of demands for jury hereafter made and garnishments hereafter issued, civil actions and probate proceedings filed prior to midnight, July 1, 1972, shall be completed and governed by the fee schedule in effect as of January 1, 1972: PROVIDED, That no fee shall be assessed if an order of dismissal on the clerk's record be filed as provided by rule of the supreme court.
- (17) No fee shall be collected when a petition for relinquishment of parental rights is filed pursuant to RCW 26.36.010.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. There is added to chapter 36.18 RCW a new section to read as follows:

The amount of the increase of thirteen dollars in each filing fee paid pursuant to subsection (1), (2), (11), and (12) of RCW 36.18.020 as amended by this 1977 amendatory act shall be paid into the county treasury and allocated as follows:

- (1) For counties which were allocated an increased number of superior court judges by the forty-fifth legislature, the amount of the increase in fees shall be used to defray the salaries and expenses of the judges representing such increase in the number thereof, as needed; and
- (2) For any surplus not required for purposes of subsection (1) of this section, or in counties where the number of judges was not increased, the amount of the increase in fees shall be allocated by the county legislative authority to defray the costs of maintaining juvenile and family courts.

Passed the Senate March 28, 1977.

Passed the House May 19, 1977.

Approved by the Governor May 28, 1977.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 28, 1977.

CHAPTER 108

[Engrossed Senate Bill No. 2081]
MUNICIPAL COURTS—PROCESS—WARRANT SERVERS

AN ACT Relating to municipal courts; and adding a new section to chapter 35.20 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. There is added to chapter 35.20 RCW a new section to read as follows:

- (1) The position of warrant server is hereby created within the courts created by chapter 35.20 RCW. The number and qualifications of said warrant servers shall be fixed by ordinance, and their compensation shall be paid by the city.
- (2) Said warrant servers shall be vested only with the special authority to make arrests authorized by the warrants which they have been directed to serve by courts created by chapter 35.20 RCW.
- (3) All criminal and civil process issuing out of courts created under this title shall be directed to the chief of police of the city served by the court and/or to the sheriff of the county in which the court is held and/or the warrant servers of the court and be by them executed according to law in any county of this state.

- (4) No process of courts created under this title shall be executed outside the corporate limits of the city served by the court unless the person authorized by said process shall first contact the applicable law enforcement agency in whose jurisdiction the process is to be served.
- (5) Upon a defendant being arrested in another city or county the cost of arresting or serving process thereon shall be borne by the court issuing said process including the cost of returning the defendant from any county of the state to the city.
- (6) Said warrant servers shall not be entitled to death, disability or retirement benefits pursuant to chapter 41.26 RCW on the basis of service as a warrant server as described in this section.

Passed the Senate March 23, 1977.

Passed the House May 20, 1977.

Approved by the Governor May 31, 1977.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 31, 1977.

CHAPTER 109

[Engrossed Senate Bill No. 2200]
DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES——PROPERTY TRANSACTIONS——
RESOURCE MANAGEMENT LAND BANK

AN ACT Relating to public lands; and adding a new chapter to Title 79 RCW.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Washington:

NEW SECTION. Section 1. The legislature finds that from time to time it may be desirable for the department of natural resources to sell state lands which have low potential for natural resource management or low income—generating potential or which, because of geographic location or other factors, are inefficient for the department to manage. However, it is also important to acquire lands to replace those sold so that the publicly owned land base will not be depleted. The purpose of this chapter is to provide a means to facilitate such sales and purchases.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. The department of natural resources, with the approval of the board of natural resources, is authorized to purchase property at fair market value to be held in a resource management land bank, which is hereby created within the department. Property so purchased shall be property which would be desirable for addition to the public lands of the state because of the natural resource production potential of the property. The total acreage held in the resource management land bank shall not exceed one thousand acres.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. The department of natural resources, with the approval of the board of natural resources, is authorized to:

- (1) Exchange property held in the resource management land bank for any other public lands of equal value administered by the department of natural resources, including any lands held in trust.
- (2) Exchange property held in the resource management land bank for property of equal or greater value which is owned publicly or privately, and which has